Student Name: _____ Student ID # _____

OU Academic Integrity Pledge

On my honor I affirm that I have neither given nor received inappropriate aid in the completion of this exercise.

Signature: _____ Date: _____

Notes Regarding this Examination

Open Book(s) You may consult any printed textbooks in your immediate possession during the course of this examination.

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No Electronic Devices Permitted You may not use any electronic devices during the course of this examination, including but not limited to calculators, computers, and cellular phones. All electronic devices in the student's possession must be turned off and placed out of sight (for example, in the student's own pocket or backpack) for the duration of the examination.

Violations Copying another's work, or possession of electronic computing or communication devices in the testing area, is cheating and grounds for penalties in accordance with school policies.

Part I. Data Structures Comparisons

1. (2 points) The minimum Big O runtime to find an arbitrary element in an arbitrary *binary tree* is roughly equal to the minimum Big O runtime to find an arbitrary element in which other data structure?
   A. Queue
   B. Hash Table
   C. Sorted Array
   D. Linked List
   E. None of the Above

2. (2 points) The minimum Big O runtime to find an arbitrary element in an arbitrary *binary search tree* is roughly equal to the minimum Big O runtime to find an arbitrary element in which other data structure?
   A. Queue
   B. Hash Table
   C. Sorted Array
   D. Linked List
   E. None of the Above

3. (2 points) The minimum Big O runtime to find an arbitrary element in an arbitrary *AVL tree* is roughly equal to the minimum Big O runtime to find an arbitrary element in which other data structure?
   A. Queue
   B. Hash Table
   C. Sorted Array
   D. Linked List
   E. None of the Above

4. (2 points) The minimum Big O runtime to find an arbitrary element in an arbitrary *Red-Black tree* is roughly equal to the minimum Big O runtime to find an arbitrary element in which other data structure?
   A. Queue
   B. Hash Table
   C. Sorted Array
   D. Linked List
   E. None of the Above

5. (2 points) The minimum Big O runtime to find an arbitrary element in an arbitrary *undirected graph* is roughly equal to the minimum Big O runtime to find an arbitrary element in which other data structure?
   A. Queue
   B. Hash Table
   C. Sorted Array
   D. Linked List
   E. None of the Above

6. (2 points) The minimum Big O runtime to find *the minimum* element in an arbitrary *minimum heap* is roughly equal to the minimum Big O runtime to find *the minimum* element in which other data structure?
   A. Queue
   B. Hash Table
   C. Sorted Array
   D. Linked List
   E. None of the Above

Part II. Graphs

7. (2 points) A *vertex* is another word for which of the following?
   - ***A. A node***
   - B. An edge
   - C. A link
   - D. A path
   - E. A value

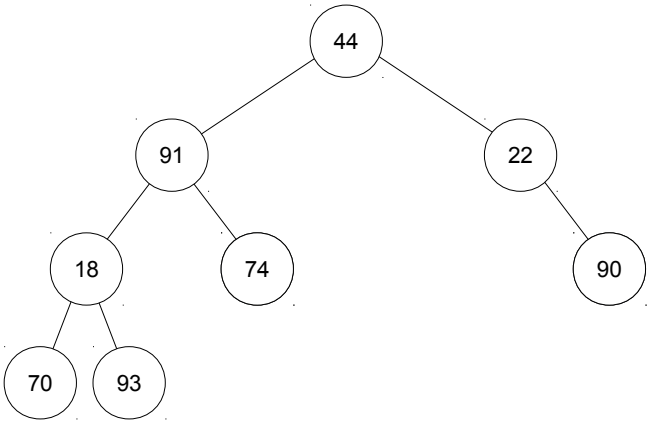
8. (2 points) For sparse graphs, which of the following data structures is more space efficient?
   - A. Adjacency queues
   - B. Adjacency trees
   - C. Adjacency matrices
   - ***D. Adjacency lists***
   - E. None of the above

9. (2 points) What is the time complexity for efficiently changing the edge cost in an efficient representation of a complete directed graph with n nodes?
   - A. $\Theta(n)$
   - B. $\Theta(\log_2 n)$
   - ***C.*** $\Theta(1)$
   - D. $\Theta(n^2)$
   - E. $\Theta(n \log_2 n)$

10. (2 points) Uniform cost search can be seen as a generalization of which of the following?
    - A. Depth-first search
    - ***B. Breadth-first search***
    - C. Binary search
    - D. Linear search
    - E. None of the above

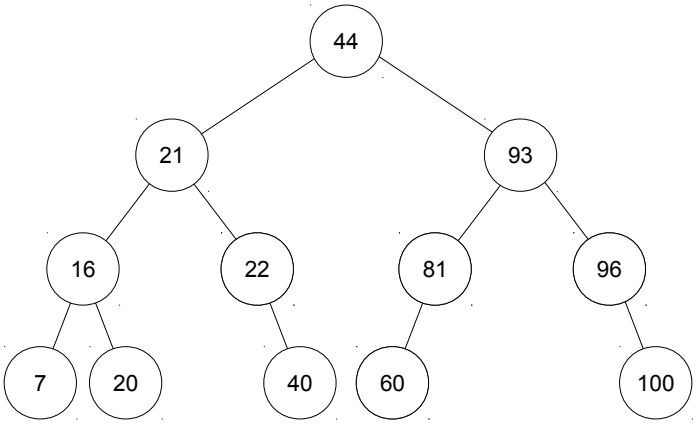
Exam continues with short answer questions.

Short Answer Question 1: Tree Traversal (5 points)



Show the postorder traversal of the above binary tree.

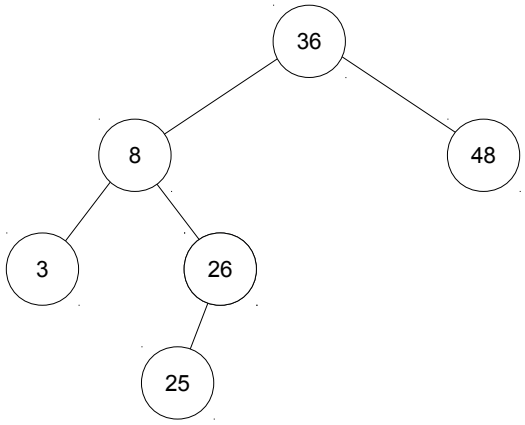
Short Answer Question 2: Binary Search Trees (10 points)



A. **Explain** how many key comparisons are necessary to perform a search for the key 83 in the tree above.

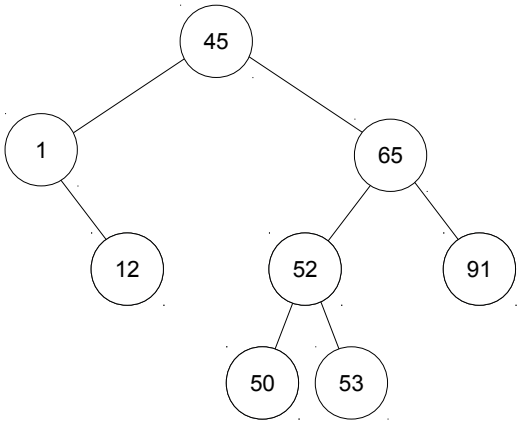
B. **Explain** how many key comparisons are necessary to perform a search for the key 20 in the tree above.

Short Answer Question 3: Self-Modifying Search Trees (10 points)



Explain the result of performing a zigzag operation on the node with key 36 in the tree above.

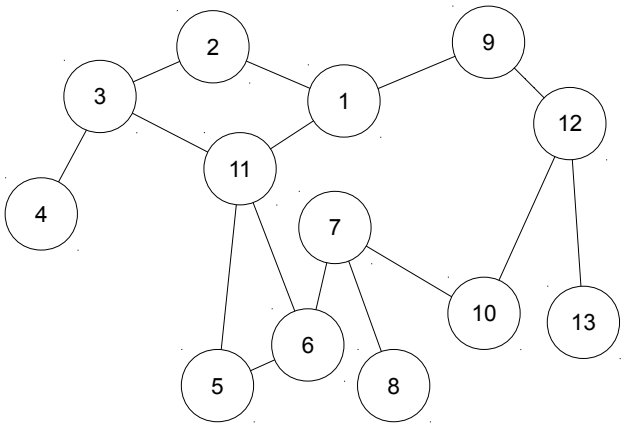
Short Answer Question 4: AVL Trees (15 points)



Explain the result of adding the node with key 48 to the above tree.

Short Answer Question 5: Graphs (20 points)

Explain the order of node traversal for the following graph for the specified search type. Assume that nodes with lower node numbers will be traversed before nodes with higher node numbers when multiple nodes are available as successors of a given node. Start at node 1.



A. Depth-First Search

B. Breadth-First Search

Short Answer Question 6: Ethics (20 points)

Angie walked in looking for Mic but he wasn't there. Not at his desk. Not at the printer. Not over by the water cooler. "Hey, Nan, did Mic already leave for the day?"

"What?" Nancy had to pull her mind out of her work to get the question to register. "Oh, yeah, he left about twenty minutes ago. Why?"

"Are you sure?" Angie probed. "He's still logged in on his machine."

"Yeah, Ang, I'm sure." Nancy assured her. "He always leaves himself logged in. He's even turned off the auto-lock because he says it's a waste of time. Julio gets on him for it now and then but he still does it."

"Rats!" This wasn't the news Angie wanted. "He was supposed to check his changes in to the repository before he left. How am I supposed to verify his code if it isn't in the repo?"

"Do it tomorrow, like always?"

"No, not like always. I've got plans for tomorrow. This time I was supposed to work late tonight, so I could take tomorrow off. Julio approved it. Now that's all messed up." Angie sighed.

"Oh, Ang, that's too bad. Mic is so irresponsible. Maybe you could try to get a hold of him."

Calls were made. Texts sent. Emails. PMs. Nothing. So, Angie moved on to trying to get a hold of Julio. Same story. Finally, it was time for Nancy to leave too.

"Listen," Nan said, "I gotta go but good luck. And, well, don't forget, Mic never logs out."

"Mic never logs out." Angie echoed the words in her mind. Maybe Nan was right. It shouldn't be hard to find the changed code on Mic's machine and check it in herself. Then she could get her job done and go on her way. That, or miss out on tomorrow's plans? No, this was Mic's fault and she wasn't going to let him mess this up for her. Angie sat down at Mic's machine and started looking.

A. Find at least one computer crimes law that is relevant to this scenario. List the name of the law and *explain* why you think it is relevant.

B. Say whether you think Angie abided by (that is, followed) the law you listed and *explain* how you came to that conclusion.

C. Give one likely motivation for Angie's action and *explain* how you concluded that was a likely motivation.

D. List one ethical-decision-making problem (interfering factor) that is likely to have contributed to at least one of Angie's decisions and *explain* how you concluded that was a likely problem.

E. List one ethical-decision-making strategy that Angie could employ to improve his ethical decision making and *explain* how he might employ that strategy in this situation.